Message

From: Vizard, Elizabeth [Vizard.Elizabeth@epa.gov]

Sent: 8/3/2018 4:34:13 PM

To: Sullivan, Greg [Sullivan.Greg@epa.gov]; Teter, Royan [Teter.Royan@epa.gov]

CC: Segall, Martha [Segall.Martha@epa.gov]; Werner, Jacqueline [Werner.Jacqueline@epa.gov]

Subject: RE: Importance of the GLP Audit and Inspection Program- Q from OECA on GLP inhibiting registrations

Thanks for reaching out. Royan called me to discuss and we are good.

Elizabeth Vizard, Chief Pesticide, Waste & Toxics Branch Monitoring, Assistance & Media Programs Division Office of Compliance 202-564-5940

From: Sullivan, Greg

Sent: Monday, July 23, 2018 4:47 PM

To: Teter, Royan <Teter.Royan@epa.gov>; Vizard, Elizabeth <Vizard.Elizabeth@epa.gov>

Cc: Segall, Martha <Segall.Martha@epa.gov>; Werner, Jacqueline <Werner.Jacqueline@epa.gov>

Subject: RE: Importance of the GLP Audit and Inspection Program- Q from OECA on GLP inhibiting registrations

I apologize Liz — when I asked Royan to follow up I was focused on responding to Susan regarding CLP cycling back after our meeting with them in the spring. Ostensibly, they came in to talk about the ERP and cases but raised GLP and other issues that were not on the agenda. When I saw this incoming I was thinking about GLP issues in the case context, my mistake for not flipping this to you for (or before any of our) outreach to the program.

From: Teter, Royan

Sent: Thursday, July 19, 2018 7:09 PM

To: Vizard, Elizabeth < Vizard. Elizabeth@epa.gov>

Cc: Segall, Martha < Segall. Martha@epa.gov >; Sullivan, Greg < Sullivan. Greg@epa.gov >

Subject: RE: Importance of the GLP Audit and Inspection Program- Q from OECA on GLP inhibiting registrations

Hi Liz – While OCE hasn't been tasked with writing a response,

Ex. 5 Deliberative Process (DP)

Ex. 5 Deliberative Process (DP)

It's been a busy afternoon so I took the opportunity to reach out to Yvette while Greg's request was fresh on my mind. It didn't occur to me that the original e-mail went to OCSPP leadership as well. That was a good catch on Yvette's part. Some close coordination is definitely warranted.

I'm happy to share additional details for Brian and Tom's conversations and a few other thoughts if you'd find it helpful. Just give me a call.

Royan

From: Vizard, Elizabeth

Sent: Thursday, July 19, 2018 5:21 PM

To: Teter, Royan < Teter. Royan@epa.gov>; Sullivan, Greg < Sullivan. Greg@epa.gov>

Cc: Segall, Martha < Segall. Martha@epa.gov>

Subject: Fwd: Importance of the GLP Audit and Inspection Program- Q from OECA on GLP inhibiting registrations

Guvs. since the GLP program is in my branch

Ex. 5 Deliberative Process (DP)

Ex. 5 Deliberative Process (DP) OC actually has a GLP briefing scheduled for Monday with Susan. I am

leading the briefing.

Elizabeth Vizard, Chief

Pesticides, Waste & Toxics Branch | Monitoring, Assistance & Media Programs Division | Office of

Compliance 202-564-5940

From: Mosby, Jackie

Sent: Thursday, July 19, 2018 4:38 PM

To: Keigwin, Richard < Keigwin. Richard@epa.gov>; Messina, Edward < Messina. Edward@epa.gov>

Cc: Hopkins, Yvette < Hopkins. Yvette@epa.gov>; Wire, Cindy < Wire. Cindy@epa.gov>

Subject: FW: Importance of the GLP Audit and Inspection Program- Q from OECA on GLP inhibiting

registrations

Rick, Yvette was asked by OECA to weigh in on CLA's assertion, and she was going to reach out to the

regulatory divisions.

Ex. 5 Deliberative Process (DP)

Ex. 5 Deliberative Process (DP)

Thanks, Jackie

Jacqueline E. Mosby, MPH

Director, Field & External Affairs Division

Office of Pesticide Programs

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Phone: 703-308-2226, Cell: 202-999-9784, Fax: 703-305-6244

1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.

Mailstop: 7506P

Washington, DC 20460

Mosby.jackie@epa.gov

From: Hopkins, Yvette

Sent: Thursday, July 19, 2018 4:22 PM

To: Mosby, Jackie < Mosby, Jackie@epa.gov>; Herndon, George < Herndon.George@epa.gov>

Cc: Wire, Cindy < Wire. Cindy@epa.gov>; Wormell, Lance < Wormell. Lance@epa.gov>

Subject: FW: Importance of the GLP Audit and Inspection Program- Q from OECA on GLP inhibiting

registrations

Jackie,

Ex. 5 Deliberative Process (DP)

Ex. 5 Deliberative Process (DP)

Yvette

From: Teter, Royan

Sent: Thursday, July 19, 2018 3:01 PM

To: Hopkins, Yvette < Hopkins. Yvette@epa.gov>

Subject: FW: Importance of the GLP Audit and Inspection Program

From: Sullivan, Greg

Sent: Thursday, July 19, 2018 1:04 PM **To:** Teter, Royan < Teter.Royan@epa.gov>

Cc: Werner, Jacqueline < Werner, Jacqueline@epa.gov>

Subject: FW: Importance of the GLP Audit and Inspection Program

From: Bodine, Susan

Sent: Thursday, July 19, 2018 12:07 PM

To: Kelley, Rosemarie < Kelley, Rosemarie@epa.gov >; Sullivan, Greg < Sullivan, Greg@epa.gov >

Cc: Starfield, Lawrence <<u>Starfield.Lawrence@epa.gov</u>>; Traylor, Patrick <<u>traylor.patrick@epa.gov</u>> **Subject:** FW: Importance of the GLP Audit and Inspection Program

From: Ray McAllister [mailto:RMcAllister@croplifeamerica.org]

Sent: Thursday, July 19, 2018 9:49 AM

To: Bodine, Susan < bodine.susan@epa.gov >

Cc: Starfield, Lawrence <Starfield.Lawrence@epa.gov>; Morris, Jeff <Morris.Jeff@epa.gov>; Wise, Louise

<<u>Wise.Louise@epa.gov</u>>; Beck, Nancy <<u>Beck.Nancy@epa.gov</u>>; Keigwin, Richard

< < Keigwin. Richard@epa.gov >; Messina, Edward < Messina. Edward@epa.gov >; Letendre, Daisy

<letendre.daisy@epa.gov>; Sharpe, Kristinn < Sharpe.Kristinn@epa.gov>; janet collins

<jcollins@croplifeamerica.org>; Jay Vroom <JVroom@croplifeamerica.org>; Allison Jones

(allisonjones@naicc.org) <allisonjones@naicc.org>

Subject: Importance of the GLP Audit and Inspection Program

Ms. Bodine:

On behalf of Crop Life America (CLA) and the National Association of Independent Crop Consultants (NAICC), we want to follow up the CLA visit with you on May 10 with more detail on the importance of the Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) Audit and Inspection program to the crop protection industry. We would welcome the opportunity to continue this conversation. I am taking the liberty of copying other EPA leaders with a stake in this program.

- We are concerned about a loss of vision within the management at the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regarding what the GLP program should do and be and accomplish.
- The GLP inspection and audit program is being starved of resources and personnel. In 1994, when the program was under the Office of Prevention, Pesticides, and Toxic Substances (OPPTS), there were 19 inspectors, 6 support staff, and a contractor supporting the GLP program. Currently in the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance (OECA) there are 4 inspectors and no support staff.
- A reasonable frequency of audit and inspection of the individual labs and facilities is necessary
 to assure EPA of the quality and integrity of the data supporting pesticide product registrations,
 as required by law, regulation, and international agreement.
- There are some 1400 laboratories, facilities, and field sites in the US participating in GLP research on pesticides. With current staffing of the audit and inspection program, keeping up with that number of facilities seems like an impossible task.
- By comparison, the burden of other GLP audit and inspection programs is more balanced, for example: US-FDA (300 labs, 75 inspectors); Canada (40 labs, 23 inspectors); UK (100 labs, 8 inspectors); Germany (160 labs, 53 inspectors). Many of these inspectors in other programs are part time.

- If inspections are not conducted with sufficient frequency, registrants may feel obligated to take their research to foreign contract research organizations (CROs), leading to loss of business for US laboratories.
- The US is obligated as a member of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) to comply with requirements of formal OECD Decisions regarding GLP and audits and inspections. This has a direct bearing on the ability of US industry to operate internationally. Among other things, these requirements cover:
 - The nature and frequency of audits and inspections;
 - Providing statements of such audits and inspections to foreign governments in a timely manner
- Historically, US has had a preeminent role in the development and management of the GLP and Mutual Acceptance of Data (MAD) programs under OECD. In recent years, EPA participation in the OECD GLP Committee and other international forums has been curtailed, resulting in loss of leadership, where the US should be in the forefront. The US should maintain active engagement in moulding and shaping the future direction of MAD.
- Because the EPA does <u>not</u> issue compliance certificates to GLP facilities, the inspection closure letters from EPA are vital in the registration submission process to many other countries, to assure studies have been conducted in a GLP-compliant facility. Lack of the closure letter creates a significant barrier to acceptance of US studies by other countries.
- Registrants experience delays in registrations when they have to obtain a closure letter from the
 laboratory to send to the monitoring authority in the foreign government. The current practice
 is to obtain the closure letter in advance to include with the study report in the registration
 application, and not wait for the monitoring authority to make a request.
- New CROs have a hard time breaking into the business, because of lack of inspections and lack
 of the ability to be inspected.
- The industry both registrants and CROs have a great deal of confidence in and respect for Francis Liem who has led the audit and inspection effort for many years. The Agency must maintain this level of experience and expertise.
- Interaction of audit and inspection staff with industry has been curtailed. We depend on frequent interaction with them in meetings and conferences to keep up to date on the latest developments in GLP.
- The prospect of additional funding authorized by the Pesticide Registration Improvement Act (PRIA) to bolster the GLP program is heartening. It is the clear intent of PRIA legislation that this additional funding supplement, and not replace, current funding from appropriations. It is essential that the new funds set aside for this purpose be spent exclusively on the GLP program.
- In 2016 there was serious consideration of moving the audit and inspection program to the Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention (OCSPP). We felt then and still feel now that this would be a very positive step for the program.
 - The GLP program began in OPPTS (now known as OCSPP), and was located there until the mid 1990s.
 - The principle purpose of EPA's GLP program is to support the registration decisions made by the Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP) within OCSPP.
 - With such an organizational change, the GLP program could be more responsive to the audit and inspection needs of OPP for specific studies and facilities.
 - Administration of funds from product maintenance fees under PRIA for the GLP program would be simpler and more straightforward in OCSPP, which administers all other PRIA funds.
 - The GLP program does not audit or inspect research performed by OPP, so the organizational connection would not represent a conflict of interest.
 - OCSPP can maintain the appropriate organizational structure to assure independence of the GLP program.

stakeholders the integrity of industry-supported and generated data that underpin pesticide registrations in the US and around the world. The EPA has a significant responsibility to vigorously defend its Pesticide Programs, and the GLP program should contribute in that regard. Ray S. McAllister, Ph.D. Senior Director, Regulatory Policy CropLife America 202-872-3874 (office) 202-577-6657 (mobile) ray@croplife.us Allison Jones **Executive Vice President** National Alliance of Independent Crop Consultants (NAICC) 901.861.0511 AllisonJones@NAICC.org www.NAICC.org Larry Starfield, Principal Deputy Assistant Administrator, OECA Jeff Morris, Director, OPPT; chief US Head of Delegation to OECD on Chemicals Nancy Beck, Acting Assistant Administrator, OSCPP Louise Wise, Deputy Assistant Administrator, OSCPP Rick Keigwin, Director, OPP Ed Messina, Acting Deputy Director, OPP

CC:

A robust GLP program in full compliance with the OECD MAD requirements demonstrates to all

Daisy Letendre, Smart Sectors Program

Kristinn Sharp, Smart Sectors Program